Idioms & Chengyus

Upper Primary/Secondary

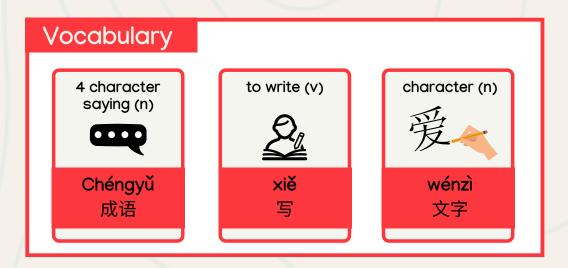
Idioms are a type of figurative language that most of us use everyday that doesn't describe a situation, feeling or experience directly e.g. to be under the weather = to be unwell. Idioms are used in Spanish language to describe colourfully simple feelings or experiences. They are often tied to specific Spanish cultural references or experiences.



Global Links



In China, a Chengyu is a four character saying that is an idiom, or a saying. They are linked to Chinese culture and often connect to a story from Chinese history, legends or celebrations. There are many unique ones that help us understand Chinese culture but we often can still find similar ones in other cultures.



Curriculum Links

English

Find out more about idioms!



Idioms for kids: What is an idiom and what do they mean?

Explore!

Chengyus are idioms made out of four Chinese characters.

Explore this list of common Chinese Chengyus and see how they are made up of 4 characters. For each of them, can you think of a way your culture might say the same thing?



Method

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- 1 Compare the two sayings at the bottom of the card (Chengyus) how similar are they?
- Look at the sayings below and think about how they might have been created?
 - I'm happy = I'm over the rainbow
 - I'm sad = I'm feeling blue
 - I'm sick = I'm under the weather
- Write your own idioms with their meaning underneath on a large speech bubble shape. For example: I'm happy = I'm dancing on rainbows:

Topics:

- 1. It's expensive
- 2.It's cheap
- 3.1'm tired
- 4.1'm excited
- 5. That was fun



Chinese Idioms

Chinese

入乡随俗 / rùxiāngsuísú

<u>Meaning</u>

When you enter a village you should follow its customs

English version

When in Rome, do as the Romans do

人山人海 / rénshānrénhǎi

A lot of people

A sea of people